DigitalOcean

# Discards in Ceph

Ceph Day NYC 2024

Matt Vandermeulen, Storage Systems

## Contents

- The problem
- The need to enable discards
- First attempted solution (firmware)
- Second attempted solution (software)
- Other possibilities
- Reflection



#### The Problem

- We have a couple dozen drive models in our fleet today
- Probably half a dozen vendors
- We've never had to worry about enabling discards in the past
- We have a single drive model that shall not be (n|sh)amed
- This drive hit a write cliff in production during an RBD workload
  - Disk write performance suffered significantly in this case
  - This started when most of the writes were now overwrites on the disk

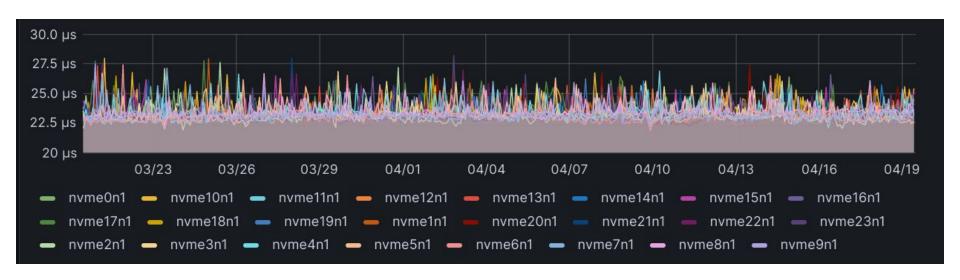


### **Enter: Async Discards**

- Discards were not enabled anywhere on our fleet
- We enabled async discards on a small number of drive models
  - This was across different vendors
  - Discards helped significantly with performance on one model, only slightly on another
  - On other models, it hurt performance, so we don't use it
- Now we started to observe high discard latency
  - But only on the one specific model
- Disk performance is (mostly) restored and maintained
- Let's look at discard latencies...



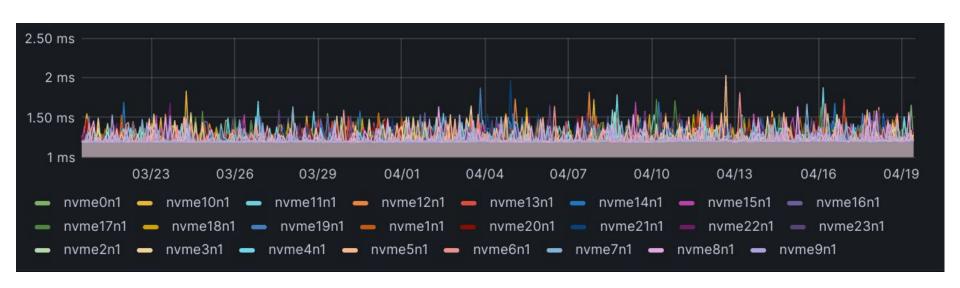
#### **Reference Discard Time**



irate(node\_disk\_discard\_time\_seconds\_total[5m]) /
irate(node\_disk\_discards\_completed\_total[5m])



#### **Problematic Discard Time**



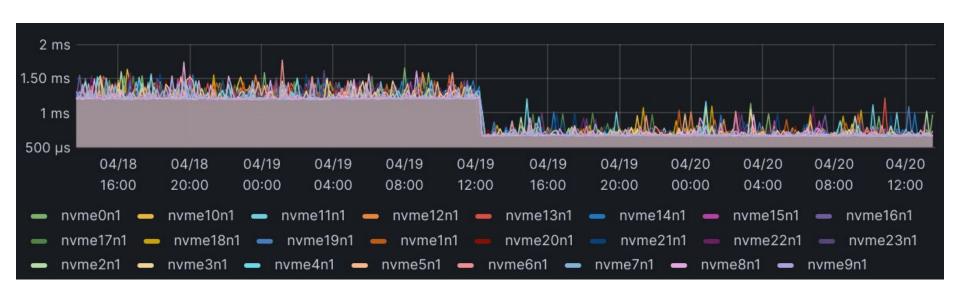


#### **First Solution: Firmware**

- The first thing we did was engage the vendor
- They worked with us to understand our workload
- They provided us with a new firmware version to try out



#### **First Solution: Firmware**





#### **Second Solution: Software**

- Can we work around the latency issue in software?
- Learn how the discard mechanism works in Ceph today
- We know that it is (or, can be) async, handled in another thread
- Can we get more parallelism out of it?
- Yup! <u>#55469</u>
- Did that help?



#### **Second Solution: Software**





#### Other Possibilities

- Matt H on Slack has done some work with switching allocators
- Hybrid allocator may be inefficient at finding allocations for SSDs
  - The hybrid allocator wants to keep recent allocations pretty close together, which is beneficial for HDDs
  - This means that we use lots of different LBAs, which means lots of flash is allocated, making overwrites slower
- The AVL allocator may be better at re-using blocks
  - This implies that blocks will no longer be sequential, flash media doesn't care too much about that
  - This needs some more testing
  - It's possible that we might be able to replace discards with switching to the AVL allocator





#### Reflection

- In house: Identifying issues
- External: Working with vendors, waiting on firmware updates
- Community: Able to work on things in-house, sharing with the community
- Open source software continues to allow us to move quickly
- Input from the community gives us extra eyes on our approaches

